

Institution: University of Surrey

Unit of Assessment: UOA 25 Area Studies

1. Unit context and structure, research and impact strategy

Context and structure of the unit

The Department of Politics is a specialised unit with a dual focus on European politics and on international intervention, reflecting its historic strengths and its staff base. Having grown out from a previous cluster within a School of Languages and International Studies it has long retained a strong orientation towards area studies and engaged in multidisciplinary approaches to research. Concentrating its activities within its two central areas, the Department has built up a successful profile in both, underpinned by significant funding (£525,000 since 2014, equivalent to £48,000 per FTE, a significant increase on the £14,000 per FTE in REF2014) and a coherent and reinforcing research strategy, expressed through its two research centres and three research groups. As a result, it now operates as one of the UK's leading centres of research and public engagement within its specialised remit, typified by its award of a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence and its close work with the ESRC's "UK in a Changing Europe" initiative.

The **European Politics group** brings together work on European integration, EU policy-making, Brexit, European foreign and security policy, Europeanisation, euroscepticism and European gender policy. This is supported by the activities of the **Centre for Britain and Europe (CBE)**, a 2019 re-formation of the long-standing Centre for Research on the European Matrix (CRonEM), with its new title reflecting the shifting weight of research activities.

The **Security and Conflict group** is focused on international intervention, humanitarianism, the ethics of modern warfare, US foreign policy and more theoretical aspects of international relations. The **Centre for International Intervention (Cii)** provides the base for much of this work, with its broad mission of situating intervention in a wider, multidisciplinary context beyond military or political activity.

The **Government and Opposition group** forms a vital link between the two other groups, with its interests in electoral behaviour, party politics, opposition and resistance, populism, negotiation and social media. Such activity is central to the overarching departmental approach of treating comparative politics and international relations as fundamentally interlinked, with insights to be drawn across traditional boundaries and all grounded in a deep engagement with the lived experience of people in distinct and diverse parts of the world.

In all three groups, care has been given to ensure a mix of staff and doctoral students that can maintain a good level of internal support and interaction, while also creating a departmental-level environment with a high volume of shared activities and events, allowing for free exchange across groups and centres. This is then connected to a very active programme of externally-facing activities, including collaborations with international academic networks and numerous public- and practitioner-facing engagement, through social, broadcast and print media, as well as in-person events.

There is a steady and significant exchange of ideas between the three groups and two centres, assisting the School's mission to be a collegiate home for all researchers. Usherwood, the School's Director of Research, has a supervisory role, encouraging an inclusive research culture, promoting school synergies, and facilitating the dissemination of research within the University and beyond. The Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences (FASS) supports the Department's research initiatives and facilitates collaborations. FASS also provides dedicated funding for impactful research, bidding activities, and PhD scholarships, supplementing Department contributions.

Research and Impact Strategy

Meeting assessment period objectives

In relation to the research plans submitted under REF2014, the Department has made significant progress, albeit with some re-orientation and reflection following a major reorganisation in 2015,



which focused the Department on its core strengths, over and above growth in major new areas of research activity:

- Establish the Department as a leading centre for the development of critical approaches to the study of the European Union (EU). The Centre for Research on the European Matrix (CRonEM), and its successor CBE (led by Hadfield and Middleton), have continued to build their profile as centres of research on EU politics throughout the period. Notably, Guerrina's (now at Bristol since 2019) work on gender produced funding for a Jean Monnet Chair (2017-19) and the founding in 2018 of the University Association for Contemporary European Studies (UACES)-funded collaborative research network "Gendering EU Studies", bringing together scholars across Europe. Usherwood's work around the contribution of euroscepticism to Brexit resulted in extensive funding from ESRC through the ground-breaking 'UK in a Changing Europe' initiative (2016-19), of which he was Deputy Director and Senior Fellow and a substantial role in contributing to political and public debate on the future of UK-EU relations. This latter work, and the changing political context, contributed to a shift from 2016 for CRonEM, with critical approaches becoming part of the Centre's activities and UK-EU politics taking a more substantial role. This shift was cemented in late 2019 with the formal launch of CBE and it received international recognition with its prestigious award of a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence for 2020-3, one of only two such awards in the UK. With a work programme that draws in colleagues from other parts of the University, as well as local, national and international stakeholders, this positions CBE very clearly as a major centre of EU studies in the UK.
- Consolidate Surrey's position as a centre for the study of international intervention. Cii (led by Leveringhaus and Kitchen) has continued to capitalise on its position as the leading centre for intervention, with the enlargement of a core of researchers that strengthen the existing work of Aaronson in building up an international profile. A number of exciting developments testify to the growing and sustainable impact of Cii. First, Leveringhaus' Leverhulme Early Career Fellowship (2016-19) on ethical dimensions of changing technologies in combat which has opened up a significant new area of activity for Cii, precipitating inter-disciplinary collaborations across the University with the School of Law and Engineering Departments, as well raising the profile of Leveringhaus and Cii as a nexus of interdisciplinary scholarship interrogating increasing applications of AI and machine learning. Second, Kitchen's Defence and Security Accelerator-funded work on strategic net assessment has further established Cii as an important site of applied research on wider issues around UK national security and regional geopolitics. Cii's reputation has been further reflected in its selection by the British International Studies Association's Responsibility to Protect (R2P) Working Group to host, in 2019, a major international conference on Intervention 20 Years after Kosovo, with further outputs and activities planned from 2021 demonstrating the sustainable nature of Cii overall.

In addition to these central goals, the Department has also sought to ensure that the two primary areas of research activity should have a firm cross-linkage, grounded in the work of the Government and Opposition group of researchers. This group provides a smaller cluster of work that reaches across international and national cases, with innovative practices that cast light on key questions and cases. This has been successful in building up a profile around the challenges to liberal democracy, be that through Nezi and Van Hauwaert's explorations of populism, with the creation or extension of international networks of researchers, or Kaeding's unique and impactful work on Hong Kong, which is reflected in one of the submission's Impact Case Studies.

This reorganisation and refocusing work has also resulted in a much more targeted recruitment of new students to match the changing research focus of the Department, including the participation of the Department in both ESRC and AHRC Doctoral Training Partnerships. Recent examples include individuals working on changing gender regimes caused by Brexit and President Obama's diplomatic policy, both clearly aligned with the agenda of the Department.

The Department's strategic approach to research and impact has been channelled through the close collaboration of the Director of Research (Usherwood) and the Head of Department (Hadfield), both informed by regular one-to-one and group discussions with colleagues. The



Director works to support the more operational and substantive development of projects and collaborations, while the Head is responsible for setting those in the broader context of other commitments, notably on teaching. The small size of the Department means the entire staff body is included in monthly discussions on research, set within the framework of a Departmental meeting. In addition, Centre heads meet quarterly with the Head to review and plan progress on programmes of work, so that all levels of research infrastructure are closely coordinated and reinforcing.

The Department has drawn on its long experience in public engagement and dissemination to ensure that impact is treated as an integral part of the research process, with staff taking part in a dialogue with key stakeholders to build mutual understanding and to maximise the benefits of research outputs. Staff work in, and contribute to, an environment where working with stakeholders beyond academia is the norm and where support is given to organising activities that will facilitate this. The Department encourages and supports staff in creating and developing links with other partners locally (e.g., Surrey Chambers of Commerce), nationally (e.g., Foreign Office, DSTL, Ministry of Defence) and internationally (e.g., European Commission, World Bank, NATO) to undertake consultancy and research activity and also raise awareness of the Department's work. As the submission's Impact Case Studies both underline, there is a virtuous circle between engagement and research, with deepening links with external partners producing opportunities for outputs that are both better grounded in evidence and more relevant for practitioner needs. Staff with less experience in this are provided with support and guidance in building these relationships as well as funding from the Faculty's ESRC Impact Accelerator Account, and all staff are encouraged to treat their work as impactful and keep appropriate records.

The clear focus of research interests has also helped in ensuring that the role of impact has become mainstreamed within the Department, with a very active engagement with local, national and international stakeholders; a vibrant social media portfolio; and the use of such work to build further research activity and outputs. This work has not simply been performed as an end-point of research undertaken, but as a pre-planned and integral part of the entire research process, acting as a stimulus for further research and activity, as evidenced in the output submission. The continuing work of Cii and CBE in this area – through events and collaborations with key stakeholders – places the Department in a position to continue its mission to be a constructive and engaged partner.

Examples of this approach can be found across the Department's work. Kaeding's involvement with Hong Kong pro-democracy campaigners originated in his research activity, but has since grown to include working to inform Parliamentarians in the UK, Germany and Canada, as well as the production of a movie documentary that has been entered for international competitions: support from internal funding (including the Faculty's Impact Accelerator Account) helped with several of these initiatives, while also giving Kaeding more personal support in developing this programme to feed back into academic outputs. Likewise, Guerrina and Chappell's publications on gender and countering violent extremism opened lines into the MoD and DSTL, which then produced both direct consultancy opportunities and materials for further outputs, again supported by workshop events within the Department. The new programme of public engagement supported by the Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence through to 2023 will lay down the next round of this work, with a mix of practitioner-oriented discussions and public-facing events that will reflect and stimulate further academic outputs from colleagues in CBE. The success of this approach was recognised by the University with the 2018 award of Innovator of the Year to Usherwood for his work on public and practitioner engagement on Brexit, which simultaneously shared and created more conventional research outputs as part of a process of informing public debate.

Over the next five years, our Department strategy, the sustainability of which will be supported by future staff appointments and PhD scholarships, will focus on:

a) building sustainability and leadership in our areas of research specialisation. Having successfully developed two well-respected, thriving research centres, the aim now is to develop these further so that they have a durable and impactful presence in national and international communities of academics and practitioners. Through the securing of further funding, the recruitment of more PGRs and staff, as well as an active programme of public



- engagement, both Cii and CBE aim to position themselves as agenda-setters in their respective areas, convening and leading debate;
- b) increasing our societal impact through creating more formal research co-creation partnerships, maximising opportunities such as the Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence and the Cii's collaborations with the Royal United Services Institute and LSE IDEAS to foster these;
- c) maintaining the high level of collegiality among staff and PGRs in pursuing this work. The experience of this REF cycle has strongly emphasised the centrality of providing mutual support and constructive advice. In particular, this will mean ensuring that every individual continues to be supported in exploring the potential that their research holds, including guidance on building networks of collaborators, securing funding and generating impact.

Research culture

The Department has developed a very strong culture of research activity, with the provision of mutual support within and across research groups being a central pillar. One consequence of this has been the submission of research funding bids by almost every staff member in recent years, with an above-average success rate and the involvement of ECRs in major bids (most recently with the Horizon 2020 project (2020-23) that involves Middleton in a central role). The relatively small size of the Department has proved to be a major strength in creating a mutually-supportive environment for this work, allowing for a high level of interaction and support in our research activity. Individual research objectives are set within a departmental-level framework outlined by the Head of Department and Director of Research within the context of the University's Research and Innovation Strategy and discussed and agreed collectively, with flexibility to ensure that as opportunities arise for funding, outputs or impact these can be managed and supported appropriately. This includes ensuring that all staff comply with university and sector requirements and expectations on open access: staff receive regular training and briefing on new initiatives and requirements, and have been early adopters of ORCID identifiers and Google Scholar profiles, while all outputs for the period are available on the University's Surrey Research Insight (SRI) repository. In so doing, the Department tries to continually build its collective activity, making it more resilient and adaptable to changing circumstances, as seen with the reconfiguration of data collection during the Covid-19 lockdown.

The often-contentious nature of the subject matter under consideration by staff has meant that *integrity* has an important position within the research culture. Members of staff have not only followed and promoted best practice within their own research and that of their supervisees but have also been active within Faculty and University Ethics Committees, and have contributed to the progressive reforms of these bodies during the reference period. More generally, the recognition of the sensitive nature of many of the research topics dealt with by the Department has instilled a strong culture of responsible engagement with the full range of collaborators and user groups: part of the success of the Department's engagement agenda has been due to our commitment to being evidence-led, impartial and respectful of the variety of opinions that are held.

2. People

As a small, specialised Department, Politics is particularly concerned with the contribution of, and support for, every member of staff and doctoral student body. This is not simply reflected within its structures and processes, but also within the wider culture of the unit, where minimal hierarchies and high levels of communication are the norm.

Staffing strategy and staff development

The Department was part of the School of Social Sciences (with Sociology) during 2014-16, with most functions and structures being retained at departmental level and fully used once the Department returned to its standalone status in summer 2016 after a reorganisation led to the loss of a number of staff.

The base of Category A eligible staff at the end of the reference period consists of 6 Lecturers, 2 Senior Lecturers, 2 Professors, all on permanent contracts (of these, 2 Lecturers became Senior



Lecturers and 1 Senior Lecturer became Reader immediately after the end of the period, following a promotion round in 2020 that was delayed because of Covid). Of these current staff, 5 Lecturers (Kitchen, Leveringhaus, Middleton, Nezi, Van Hauwaert), 1 Senior Lecturer (Guerra) and 1 Professor (Hadfield) have joined the Department since 2014, from a range of British and European universities, which indicates the extent of the Department's ability to attract high-quality researchers.

The strategy for recruitment has been to consolidate existing research strengths, while simultaneously expanding these to provide more coverage and co-ordination. Thus, Van Hauwaert and Nezi have brought extensive expertise in quantitative and qualitative methodologies respectively, while Hadfield's work in European security policy builds on the Department's existing capacity in foreign policy analysis. Guerra's work on euroscepticism has strengthened the CBE's work in this field, just as Kitchen and Leveringhaus have provided a significant expansion of Cii's capacities.

Alongside full-time positions, the Department has also gained a number of visiting staff, including Prof. Sir Mike Aaronson (former Director General of Save The Children UK, working with Cii), Prof. Susan Scholefield (former Chair of the UK's Civil Contingencies Secretariat, working with Cii and CBE) and Prof. Jamie Shea (former NATO Deputy Assistant Secretary General, working with Cii and CBE). Prof. Marie Breen Smyth retains an Emerita position. The two Centres are further bolstered by a range of associates, including Senior Fellows for CBE and additional external experts for Cii.

Recruitment and promotion have been used in combination to take consideration of leadership and administrative duties, with all staff taking on significant roles: Hadfield took over the position of Head of Department from 2019, and Usherwood's promotion to Professor in 2019 came alongside work as Director of Research; while Exadaktylos has become Reader at the end of 2020 while Director of Learning & Teaching (and after a period as acting Head). In all cases, the line manager and other senior colleagues have supported individuals in developing their careers, not least through the Senior Colleague system.

However, the relative weighting of the Department to junior staff through most of the reference period has meant that there has necessarily been much emphasis on ensuring a high level of support and encouragement for research and impact, using a number of key approaches:

- Protecting time for research. The University's Workload Allocation Model (WAM) provides a mechanism for balancing workloads equitably across staff and for strategic planning in regard to research. Staff designate one day per week for research, when they have no teaching or administrative commitments, and efforts are made as far as possible to group teaching in one of the two semesters, so that there is an extended period when research can be pursued more fully. This has been a key part of the achievement of getting all staff submitting funding bids and have space to produce outputs. All staff are able to apply for Research Council fellowships and other funding that provides for buy-outs (as with Usherwood's position with "UK in a Changing Europe"). In all cases, successful funding with research time allocations are counted within the WAM and appropriate adjustments to other roles are made. All staff are also able to apply for research leave, in line with the departmental policy of requiring a plan of research for that period; in the most recent example, this led to Chappell's completion of a number of projects that have been included in the outputs, as well as the groundwork for submissions in the next cycle.
- Providing mentoring and community support. All ECRs and new staff in Lecturer/Senior Lecturer positions have 3-year probation periods, during which time staff are allocated a Senior Colleague within the Department outside of their line management, with whom they meet regularly to discuss all elements of their work, including research. This has also produced some new collaborations, as with Usherwood and Thompson's work on identity, supported by Faculty pump-priming funding. All funding bids receive peer review within the Faculty prior to submission, and also usually receive additional reviews within the Department too. Unsuccessful bids are discussed with the Director of Research to consider any feedback and possibilities for reworking for submission to other funders. Colleagues regularly present draft outputs in Departmental seminars and seek peer



comments from within their research groups prior to submission. Staff have access to Faculty- and University-level courses and training in research and leadership, as well as to regular briefings from major research funders on forthcoming calls. The Department runs at least one full-day awayday per year on research matters, with activities to encourage research group collaboration and cross-departmental engagement. The Faculty organises an annual Festival of Research, in which departmental members have presented work and developed connections with colleagues in other units (e.g., on Artificial Intelligence and ethics or the challenges of Covid to conducting research).

- Using the annual appraisal system to support research. The annual appraisal system for staff with the Head of Department takes stock of progress in the previous year and sets targets for the coming period. These cover funding bids, outputs and impact activities in relation to research, but driven very much by individuals' situations and plans. These appraisals sit within a rolling system of informal review by the Head of Department to ensure staff are working within a supportive environment, where adjustments can be made to particular circumstance, not least in regard to wellbeing and good mental health. This process has been useful in identifying specific areas for intervention, such as increased support for funding, which has in turn produced marked improvements in success rates for several colleagues.
- Supporting research, dissemination, engagement and impact activities. All staff have had access to an individual annual funding allocation of at least £500 for research activities (conference fees, purchase of research materials, etc.), with further funds available competitively for helping to achieve critical targets and are encouraged to participate and present at national and international conferences and workshops. Faculty pump-priming and seed funding has also been a key source of support, which has directly helped in creating outputs, such as the £10,000 for a survey on attitudes towards Brexit in 2018, and supporting ECRs. Staff are also very active in research networks, including several instances of setting up new networks to support emerging fields; the Department has provided some match-funding to help with these, in addition to the individual funding. The extensive social media presence of the Department is co-ordinated by several staff, with new staff provided with training and feedback on blogging, podcasting and vlogging, all alongside University-level training on media interviews, which has been taken up by over half of all staff.
- Building research into teaching and vice-versa. Many modules on both undergraduate
 and Masters programmes reflect current research interests of staff and in recent years
 there has been a growing use of students-as-researchers. This has included students
 coding campaign materials or simulating contemporaneous negotiations, providing them
 with insights into the research process and material for subsequent outputs. The Teaching
 Fellows in the Department are also encouraged to undertake pedagogic research (a
 requirement of their formal duties) and this is treated as part of the Department's research
 activity, with several Category-A staff also active in this field.
- Being a community of researchers. The size of the Department means that there is a strong culture of sharing successes and working through challenges; much use is made of communal spaces to hold informal discussions and unblock problems. In addition, staff have put themselves into various roles within the Faculty and University, including membership of Ethics Committees (Middleton, Thompson (now Manchester since 2018)) and leading on cross-cutting themes (Leveringhaus on Al and ethics). This engagement has been recognised with Usherwood winning the inaugural University Innovator of the Year award (2018), and Leveringhaus securing the Faculty Innovator the following year.

Specific support for Early Career Staff

Within the Department, early-career staff are closely involved in the research activities of the research groups, with senior colleagues provided guidance and support. The Senior Colleague system for new early-career staff has provided an effective starting point for many of these mechanisms, with the small size of the Department further enhancing the sharing of ideas and



development of these staff members, not least through the regular discussion of work in research seminars. One marker of this has been the on-going success in ensuring that they have been involved in developing funding bids (both as CIs for more senior staff and as PIs in their own right), reflecting the Department's commitment to facilitating the development of individuals' research careers and to the principles of the *Concordat to Support the Career Development of Researchers*.

The Department works closely with the University's Doctoral College, established in 2016 to provide for the academic and professional development of postgraduate researchers and Early Career Researchers. This includes departmental representatives meeting regularly with Doctoral College representatives and extensive participation by departmental ECRs in Doctoral College events, both for training and network development. An example of the value of this has been the leading role played by Departmental PGRs in establishing and running the Surrey Arts & Humanities Research Group (facilitated and funded by the Doctoral College), with a seminar series and exchange of practice across a wide range of disciplines.

Support, training and supervision of PGR students

The Department considers its PGR students as an integral and essential part of its research community. There are currently 11 full-time and 4 part-time PGRs, as well as 1 student cosupervised with other departments or Universities, with 18 completions since 2014: the current and historic profile of PGRs has been at least 60% female, and over half coming from prior study or work outside the UK, as fits the research activity of the Department. There has been a consistent number of completions throughout the reference period, with over 2 per year, reflecting the continuing success of the efforts to build this arm of the Department's work.

The Department's commitment to securing high-quality PGRs is reflected in the success of recent years in securing internal competitive funding for scholarships and grants; currently 4 PGRs are covered by these, representing an investment by the Faculty and University of roughly £60,000 per year. This success has been driven by the engagement of supervisors with potential PGRs prior to formal application in ensuring a good fit with expertise and in developing research proposals. The broadening range of scholarships available from the University, notably in the context of the current Research and Innovation Strategy, has allowed the Department to match these better to individual's situations.

PGRs are supported within the Department by their supervisors (at least two per student (at least one of whom has previously supervised to completion)), with whom there are meetings at least every month and often more frequently. Those starting their doctorates must take research methods modules on the Department's Masters programmes if they do not have prior experience, and may take further modules to develop or enhance skills or substantive knowledge, in addition to the individualised work done with supervisors. There are annual reports on progress, which are reviewed by the PGR Director (Nezi), where action points can be addressed by the appropriate individuals and structures within the University. The Department runs PGR-specific events (including in the context of participating in the ESRC and AHRC Doctoral Training Partnerships), including professional and careers training and research presentations, but also regularly asks PGRs to present their work to the Department as a whole in the research seminars, in order to get a wider range of feedback and give them experience; many PGRs have also presented work in the Faculty's annual Festival of Research and the ESRC's Festival of Social Science. PGRs have dedicated space within the Department, with their own desk and computer.

This all sits within the structures and support provided by the Doctoral College and University, not least under the Research & Innovation Strategy that has considerably bolstered the wider environment for PGRs and early-career staff. Departmental PGRs have been active in the development of Doctoral College work in the social sciences, helping to establish research communities in the social sciences and organising further training and events. The Doctoral College also monitors the annual review process and the progression to full PhD status that occurs within the first 15 months of registration; the latter is organised by the Department and considers progress to date and planning for the remaining time, and is an essential pre-condition for any PGR wanting to take on teaching duties within the Department.



Former PGRs have gone on to various careers, including full-time positions in British and European universities (e.g., Cooke (Warwick); David (Leiden)); work with the British Civil Service, national governments elsewhere and International Organisations. Those continuing in academic positions (approximately half of those completing in this REF cycle) have maintained on-going links with the Department, including on research activity as with Wright (Newcastle) or Chrona (King's College London), further embedding the relationships that they developed during their time at Surrey.

Supporting & promoting equality and diversity

The Department has long been involved in work on equality and diversity, with Guerrina taking on the role of the University's first Academic Director of Equality, Diversion & Inclusion (ED&I) in 2018. Discussion of equality and diversity is undertaken by the entire staff in departmental meetings, since we recognise that this needs to be a central part of maintaining the constructive and supportive work environment we have created. In recognition of this, the Department is working towards an Athena SWAN submission in 2021. Staff are encouraged to make use of the options for flexible working under the University's policy, including adjustments in working hours due to family and health commitments and parental leave arrangements. Since REF2014, all formal requests for flexible working have been successful, and have ensured that colleagues have had the necessary time to balance the full range of their personal and professional commitments, as seen for example with the rapid reintegration of staff returning from maternity leave. In addition, the Department has a strong culture of providing mutual support for more immediate adaptations, with a 'buddy system' for covering teaching and administrative obligations in emergencies.

In research, departmental planning takes full account of equality and diversity issues in ensuring no staff have inequitable workloads and that requests for grouping teaching into one of the two semesters per year are met as much as possible within the constraints of the curriculum. Applications for study leave are not based on seniority or on FTE, but the merits of individual research plans presented.

The Department paid considerable regard to equality and diversity in the construction of the REF2021 submission. For example, and following the published code of practice, output selection was conducted at UOA level output selection panel meetings held in accordance with guidance set by the University's REF2021 Team. A member of the REF2021 Team was present, and ED&I Working Group members were invited. Membership of the output selection panels included suitable representation from across the areas of speciality within the UOA and took account of the population characteristics of the UOA. Membership was reviewed by the ED&I Working Group ahead of the meetings taking place and all attendees completed REF2021 specific ED&I training.

3. Income, infrastructure and facilities

Research funding and links to high quality research outputs

Since REF2014 the Department has secured over £525,000 in research funding, from a variety of sources.

Funding from the ESRC has supported projects in a number of the Department's research areas, including the framing of intervention in Global North and South perspectives, work-life balance in the recession, and the development of Brexit. In all cases, funding has supported both research outputs and facilitating the generation of wider academic and practitioner debate.

Usherwood's roles (2016-19) as Senior Fellow and Deputy Director of the ESRC's "UK in a Changing Europe" programme resulted in both immediate research outputs and the enhancement of the Department's wider capacities in relation to research on UK-EU relations and to public engagement. In addition to original research on the social media campaigning of groups in the 2016 referendum and on the negotiating processes of the UK's withdrawal from the EU, there was also a very active and wide-ranging programme. This included several hundred interviews to media outlets including most UK national newspapers, BBC television and radio, numerous European newspapers and TV stations, and international outlets such as CNN; briefings and training sessions for British and European politicians, diplomats and civil servants; giving evidence



to Parliamentary committees; and briefings to civil society groups (such as the National Council for Voluntary Organisations) and multi-national businesses.

The recently-started participation in a Horizon 2020 project (2020-22) on EU asylum and refugee policy draws several members of the Department (Exadaktylos, Middleton, Usherwood) into a multidisciplinary project, combining ethnographic fieldwork in Greek transit camps, quantitative surveying of civil society organisations and a lead role in the public engagement strand. The collaboration with jurists, sociologists and political theorists reflects on the interest of department members in siting their own work within the broad range of approaches to area studies, as well being testament to the added-value that they can bring to a major project of this kind.

Funding from other sources includes the Ministry of Defence, the Koch Foundation and the European Commission (including the Centre for Britain and Europe's successful award of a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence).

Strategies for generating grant income

On income, the strategy of recent years in the Department has proven successful in generating both a strong volume of bids and a good success rate. Potential calls are identified and noted by both individual researchers and the Director of Research (Usherwood), with the latter providing individual support on formulating proposals as appropriate. Faculty and University support is also brought in at an early stage, in order to ensure the maximum possible time for development, formal and informal peer review, prior to submission.

Staff have a high level of standing interaction with counterparts outside of the Department and University and have made repeated use of this to build inter-disciplinary and inter-institutional bids: recent examples have included the mobilisation of Surrey-based public and private sector stakeholders in ESRC and Research England projects by Hadfield and the production of several funding bids with the Department of Sociology on the policy effects of Brexit. Importantly, where bids are not successful, there is internal review with the PI to consider the potential for reworking materials for use elsewhere and to reflect on how to improve submissions in the future for particular funders.

As noted in Section 1, impact is considered as an integral part of the research process, and staff are regularly invited to consider how they can use their existing networks beyond academia to generate new points of research activity. In particular, there is a recognition that the development of lasting relationships means having the flexibility to work on multiple projects simultaneously, and that these can stimulate and sustain the creation of future work: the examples of Exadaktylos' connection with the World Bank, Hadfield's local cluster and Kaeding's work on Hong Kong demonstrate the value of this approach in building more durable income sources.

Facilities

The Department's research has generated increasingly complex demands on technologies: staff working with larger datasets and with remotely-hosted materials are supported by the University's central IT services. Staff requirements for library resources are discussed on a regular basis with the Department, with individual research needs being accommodated as much as possible, and supported by the Departmental library liaison (van Hauwaert) and a designated library staff member.

In 2020, the Department moved into new offices, with new facilities for video-conferencing and the production of content for public engagement activities, as well as spaces for collaborative work for both staff and PGRs

Furthermore, the Faculty and University provide a number of systems that support research activity, all of which are habitually used by Departmental staff:

 Skills development support: Research and Innovation Services runs regular training and information events on bid-submission, open to all staff (including ECRs and PGRs), with regular presentations from major funders;



- Financial support: The Faculty has a pump-priming scheme, to allow staff to develop proposals, generate impact and access academic events. Seven staff have received five awards since 2015, resulting in a number of research outputs, dissemination and impact activities. Notable among these has been the support for Kaeding to produce his movie "Black Bauhinia", which opened up a major new avenue of public engagement. From 2019, this has been bolstered by the start of the ESRC Impact Accelerator Account, with 4 awards made to staff:
- Support for bid development: The Faculty has also introduced an annual Research Fellowship scheme to provide teaching buy-outs, to allow more time for research activities.

4. Collaboration and contribution to the research base, economy and society

The Department considers collaboration and engagement to be central to its work. This is driven by an understanding that the full value of research can only be realised by working with others, both within and alongside the academic community. Staff are encouraged and supported both to develop and to make full use of such connections, as reflected in the substantial number of activities that they undertake. The Department has provided funding, training and mentoring for these activities, recognising the potential they carry for sharing existing research and for generating new research opportunities.

As the Department's reputation for research excellence has grown, so too have colleagues recognised the importance of providing intellectual leadership in public and political debates, particularly given the contentious nature of many of the topics involved. The shared values of being evidence-led, impartial and accessible to a wide range of users has been a key part of our success on this front: from Brexit to terrorism, populism to human rights, colleagues have demonstrated how academics in general can become a more valuable and valued part of the discussion in our society.

Collaborations, networks and partnerships

The structure of the Department has long encouraged colleagues to be very active in building and maintaining linkages with partners elsewhere: the combination of focused expertise and small size has meant that targeted collaborations have been both viable and productive for all involved. As outlined below, research on European studies has underpinned the development of wider links with UK Government and Parliament, EU bodies, business and civil society, while expertise in intervention has made the Department a key collaborator with foreign policy and defence organisations. To take just two examples, Usherwood was one of a small handful of university-based individuals invited to be part of the European Commission's Brexit Think Tank Group, and Kaeding has been instrumental in the institutionalisation of UK Parliamentarian's work on Hong Kong in recent years. This work has in turn supported the securing of funding (e.g., the Horizon 2020 PROTECT project and the Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence) that enhance the capacity of the Department to turn partnerships into both research outputs and impactful activities.

Work with the economy

The emergence of Brexit as an issue from 2016 has meant a rising level of interest in the impact of political decisions on economic activity. The Department's expertise in this area has been sought out by a number of businesses, both locally and beyond: Exadaktylos' work with the World Bank has resulted in reforms to legislation that have had a material impact on the tourism sector in Greece, as discussed in one of the submission's Impact Case Studies. Hadfield has led on work to produce briefings by CBE on the impact on businesses and other economic operators, as well as engaging with the local Chambers of Commerce and Local Enterprise Partnerships to identify particular impacts. Usherwood has provided expert contributions to scenario planning activity on the British economy undertaken by Shell in 2019, as well as speaking on the impacts of Brexit on the fashion industry for Fashion Roundtable (2019).



Work with society

The Department has worked with a wide range of partners on a variety of issues. This has been the main part of its collaborative activities, as seen in the diversity of what it has done:

- Evidence to Parliament: Departmental research touches repeatedly on points of public policy, and staff have taken a pro-active approach to contributing written and oral evidence. Chappell sat before the Lords EU External Affairs sub-committee and Commons Foreign Affairs committee, to discuss Brexit effects on the EU's Common Security & Defence Policy; Usherwood has sat before the Commons Exiting the EU committee and the Public Affairs and Constitutional Affairs committee on Brexit issues; Kaeding has given evidence on Hong Kong to the Commons Foreign Affairs Select Committee; Exadaktylos has contributed to the work of the Parliamentary Office of Science and Technology.
- Work with political parties and government: The crossover of research with political life has been particularly evident in recent years, as the Department's profile in its core areas has grown and relationships have developed. Guerrina and Chappell worked with the European External Action Service, and the UK Ministry of Defence on gender mainstreaming; Kitchen has presented work to the Treasury and advised Surrey County Council on counter-terrorism. Usherwood has provided briefings to politicians and officials from British, Australian, New Zealand, Swiss, German and Scottish governments since 2017 on Brexit, taught several masterclasses run by the Foreign Office for the Civil Service since 2018. More locally, Hadfield has led a significant piece of consultancy work for Surrey County Council on managing the effects of Brexit on the county, which has led on to work in 2021 on a place-based growth plan.
- Work with international organisations: Much of the research undertaken has had European
 and international dimensions, so staff have sought to make connections beyond the UK
 wherever possible. Exadaktylos provided consultancy to the World Bank on legal reforms
 in Greece; Usherwood has been a member of the Brexit Think Tank Group of the European
 Commission; Hadfield has advised the OECD on higher education in Europe.
- Work with civil society groups and charities: Kaeding's work has resulted in various strong links with groups in Hong Kong, Taiwan and the UK, supported by his key role in institutionalising relationships, as discussed in his Impact Case Study. Usherwood has given briefings and talks on Brexit to Universities UK, GuildHE, National Council for Voluntary Organisations; Usherwood, Guerrina, Hadfield and Middleton have spoken repeatedly for local study groups and associations (including U3A, Probus, Rotary) on their areas of research specialisation. This engagement has also been important in opening up lines of further research, notably with Hadfield's developing activity on the localised impacts of events such as Brexit.
- Work with the media: Many staff give media interviews to print, broadcast and online providers working locally, nationally and internationally, as a means for contributing evidence-based, informed input to public debates. Usherwood's work with "UK in a Changing Europe" since 2016 has resulted in several hundred such interviews alone, as well as repeated media briefings and contributions to that programme's materials. Hadfield, Exadaktylos and Middleton have all developed profiles as reliable and knowledgeable experts in their fields. Middleton and Usherwood were shortlisted for the PSA's Total Exposure media pitching events (2016-8), the latter twice;
- Work with social media: The Department was an early adopter of social media, both to flag up new research outputs and to build conversations with different audiences. There has been a regular blog running throughout the REF period and an active presence (both departmentally and via individual staff) on Twitter. Since 2015, Usherwood has run the A Diet of Brussels podcast on Brexit, to which has been added a weekly Vlog in 2018. He is also co-manager of the Active Learning in Political Science blog, which publishes research on learning & teaching and reaches a global audience of 10,000s a week. Within the CBE, two separate vlog series, including the Jean Monnet-funded 'Bridge to Brussels' series area a key part of the Department's European-facing outputs. All of this work has had



considerable effects in raising the profile of the Department's research activity and has generated multiple requests to staff for further discussion or briefing, as well as embedding the Department within the public debate on contemporary issues.

Work with the research base

The research specialisations of the Department have produced particularly close activities in the fields of European politics and international relations. Of particular note has been:

Leadership roles:

The Department encourages staff to shape the academic environment around them, in part by taking on leadership within existing organisations and structures. As a result, the Department's colleagues have been extremely active in the various bodies that shape debates across its research interests. Usherwood, David and Exadaktylos have all been members of the committee of the UACES during the reference period, with Usherwood also being Treasurer (2016-9), while Wright was chair of the British International Studies Association's (BISA) Postgraduate Network (2014-6) while a PGR in the Department; Exadaktylos is co-convenor of the ECPR Standing Group on Political Methodology (2013-) and committee member of the Political Studies Association (PSA) Greek Politics Specialist Group (2011-); Kitchen is Treasurer of the BISA US Foreign Policy Working Group (2013-) and its Convenor for 2020-21; Leveringhaus is Convenor of the BISA Special Working Group on Responsibility to Protect. Aaronson was Chair of the Strategic Advisory Group of the Global Challenges Research Fund (2016-19).

Building networks and event organisation:

Staff have been very active in establishing new connections among academic colleagues elsewhere and in organising events to support further work, especially since their work has broken into new territory that lacks organisation. Usherwood and Guerrina have both founded and led UACES Research Networks, on euroscepticism (2011-) and gender respectively (2018-); Van Hauwaert is the lead of the Global Public Opinion Project; Leveringhaus is Deputy Lead on the Al@Surrey network at the University, which has begun to generate new cross-departmental collaborations on research activity; Kitchen organised workshops on Al in warfare (2019) and IR theory (2020) through Cii, in collaboration with LSE IDEAS; Kitchen and Leveringhaus coorganised a workshop on Kosovo (2019), through work with BISA. Hadfield has used the recent (2020) Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence funding for CBE to build a programme of events and social media work to ensure that the Centre will maintain a high profile in the field for the coming period.

Keynote presentations and guest lectures:

The relevance of staff research within the discipline is reflected in the large number of high-profile presentations given in the period. Usherwood has given keynote and plenary lectures at the PSA annual conference (2019), UACES annual conference (2016), Danish Political Studies Association annual conference (2016), and at the Universities of Bristol, Southampton, Padua (all 2020), Göttingen (2019), Southampton Solent (2019), Braga (2018) and Antwerp (2016), as well as the European University Institute (2017). Exadaktylos was plenary speaker at the 2018 International Conference on EU Studies and the University of Exeter; Hadfield has spoken in 2019 at the European University Institute's State of the Union conference, the Jean Monnet 30 Years Symposium, the Institute for Commonwealth Studies and the OECD/EU Global Education Industry Summit; Leveringhaus spoke to the Martens Centre for European Studies (2018), the Carnegie Foundation (2019) and British Academy/Leverhulme Trust (2020) on ethics and robotics; Kitchen gave invited talks at the Institute for Diplomacy and International Governance (2020) and the Joint Services Command and Staff College (annually since 2018). This extensive range of activity will continue into the next REF period, as staff continue to produce topical and impactful outputs: several commitments have already been rearranged into 2021, as a result of Covid-19.



Journal editing:

Editing is taken as an important part of research work, and all involved have used the opportunity to promote new agendas within their fields as well as to facilitate the publications of ECRs: nearly 50% of staff hold some editorial position at the census date. Chappell co-edits *European Security* (2015-) and has given regular sessions on publishing for ECRs; Exadaktylos, Guerrina and Massetti (now Trento, since 2018) co-edit the *Journal of Common Market Studies Annual Review* (2017-); Guerra is co-editor *Political Research Exchange* (2019-), with Van Hauwaert an associate editor; David (now Leiden, since 2015) was editor in chief of *Journal of Contemporary European Research* (2014-20), with Usherwood on the editorial board (2013-). All staff have been very active reviewers for academic journals and funders (including ESRC, British Academy, Leverhulme, British Council, World Bank and various European national research bodies) during the period.

Fellowships:

Usherwood was an ESRC Senior Fellow (2016) and Deputy Director of the ESRC's "UK in a Changing Europe" programme (2017-9); Kitchen is Visiting Fellow at LSE IDEAS (2019-2022); Exadaktylos and Guerra regularly teach at the College of Europe as visiting professors (2015- and 2018- respectively).